Discrete Difference Equation Models

Potential Entry Point Models

Possible Entry Point Models

Single Equation Models

Linear Models

Exponential Growth/Decay

 $x_{t+1} = a x_t$

- Cell culture growth
- Drug decay •
- Cohort mean annual survival (life tables) •
- Linear Difference Equation

$$x_{t+1} = ax_t + b$$

- Drug dosing ٠
- Harvesting/fisheries maximum sustainable yield ٠
- Continent-island model (one-way gene flow) •

Nonlinear Models

- **Population Growth with Resource Constraints** •
 - Logistic Difference Equation

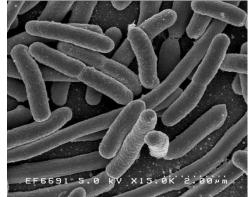
$$x_{t+1} = x_t + rx_t \left(1 + \frac{x_t}{K}\right)$$

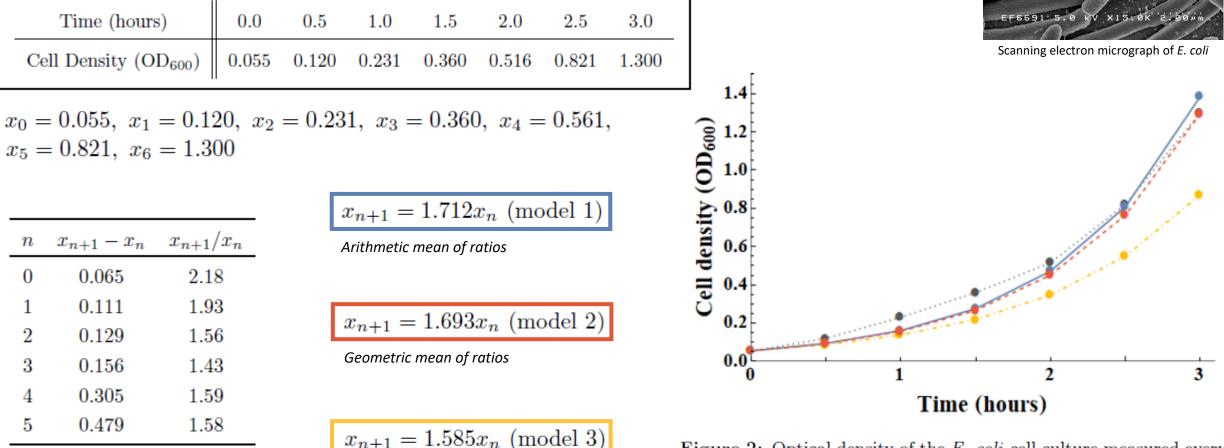
Beverton-Holt Difference Equation $x_{t+1} = \frac{rKx_t}{K + (r-1)x_t}$

- Natural Selection Model • $q_{t+1} = \frac{w_2(1-q_t)q_t + w_3q_t^2}{w_1(1-q_t)^2 + 2w_2(1-q_t)q_t + w_3q_t^2}$
 - Comparing different modes of selection

Optical Density of E. coli cell culture

Table gives the optical density of an *Escherichia coli* cell culture measured every 30 minutes for 3 hours. The culture was grown in a nutrient solution at 37°C.





Median of ratios

Figure 2: Optical density of the *E. coli* cell culture measured every 30 minutes over 3 hours (dotted grey), and estimated optical density using model 1 (solid blue), model 2 (dashed red), and model 3 (dot-dash yellow).