

Unpacking the IAT

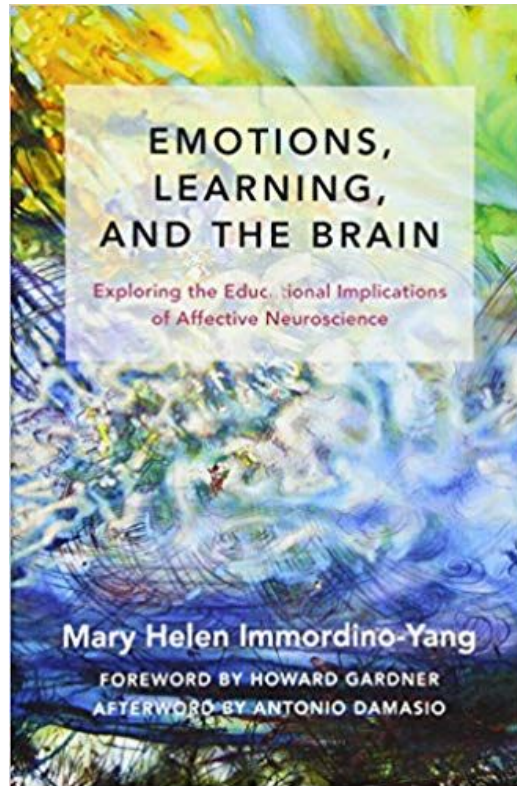
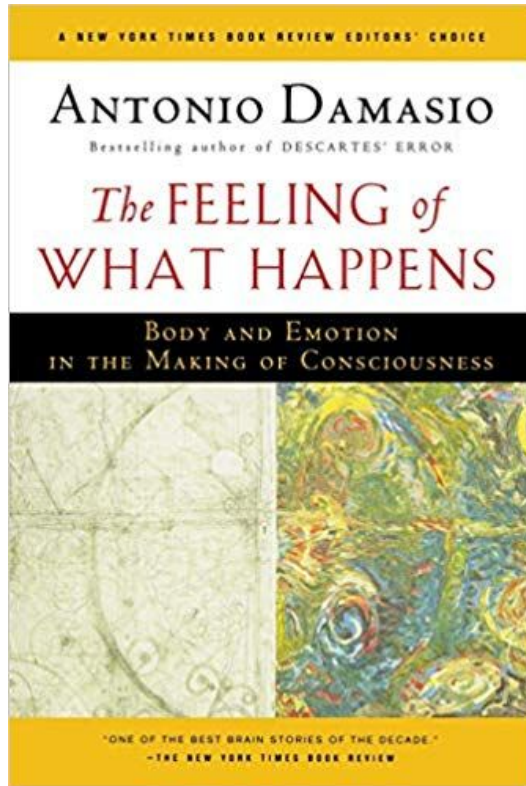
Mays Imad, Ph.D. and Tess Killpack, Ph.D

Go to **menti.com** and enter the code: **47 60 42**

Using words or short phrases, describe your feelings upon seeing your IAT results

The form allows you to enter up to 10 words or short phrases.

You may submit multiple forms if needed.

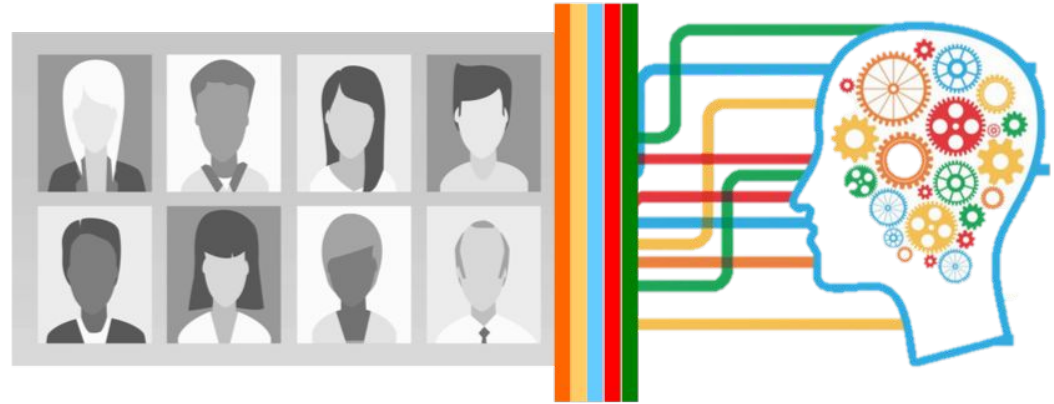


Meaning Making

1. Filling in gaps
2. Sorting into categories
3. Creating associations

Unconscious Biases

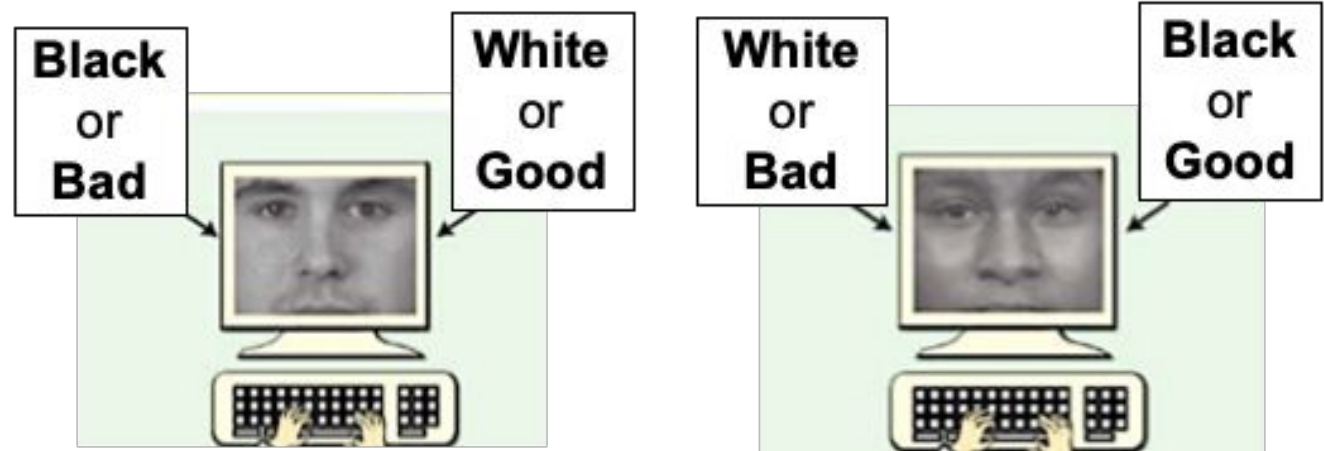
- Automatic judgments that operate without our awareness
- Can contrast conscious beliefs & values but still influence our judgments and interactions
- Reducing unconscious biases requires awareness and continual adjustments to counteract the negative impact they could have on our interactions and decisions.



“Even the most well-intentioned person unwittingly allows unconscious thoughts and feelings to influence apparently objective decisions.”

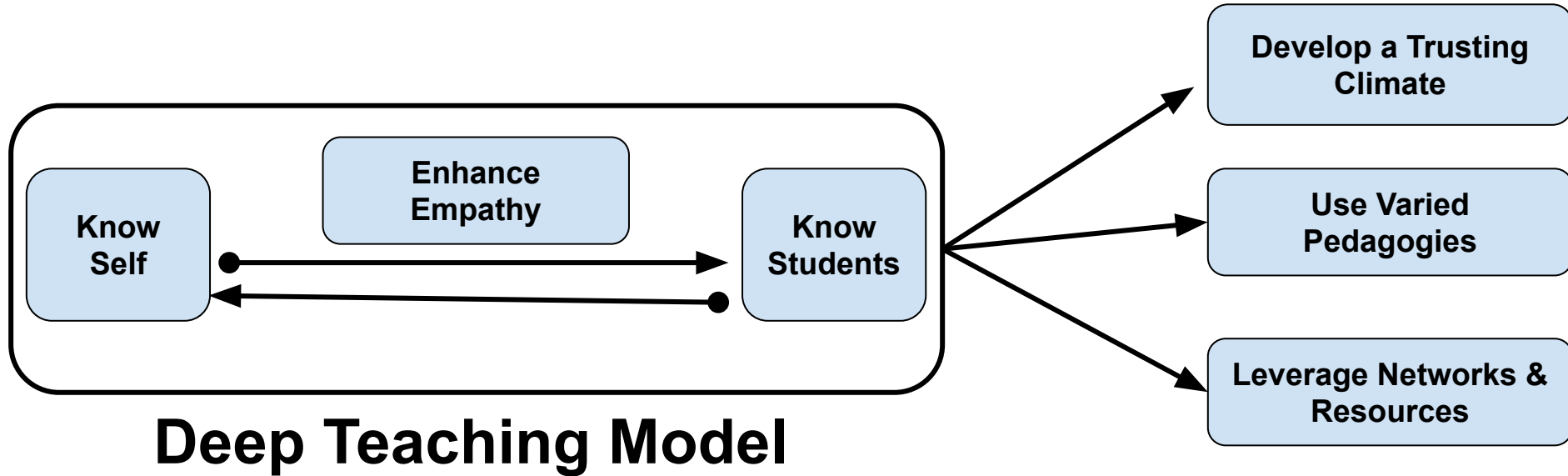
Mahzarin R. Banaji

Implicit Association Tests (IATs)
to identify unconscious biases



- Pervasive societal messages and stereotypes influence our brains to make automatic associations, sometimes **leading us to “fill in the blanks” of missing information with stereotyped information.**
- **IATs** use our brains’ tendency to make automatic associations with images and words to measure our unconscious biases.
- Because our **brains have evolved to make quick associations from visual input, we all have biases** (no one is immune).

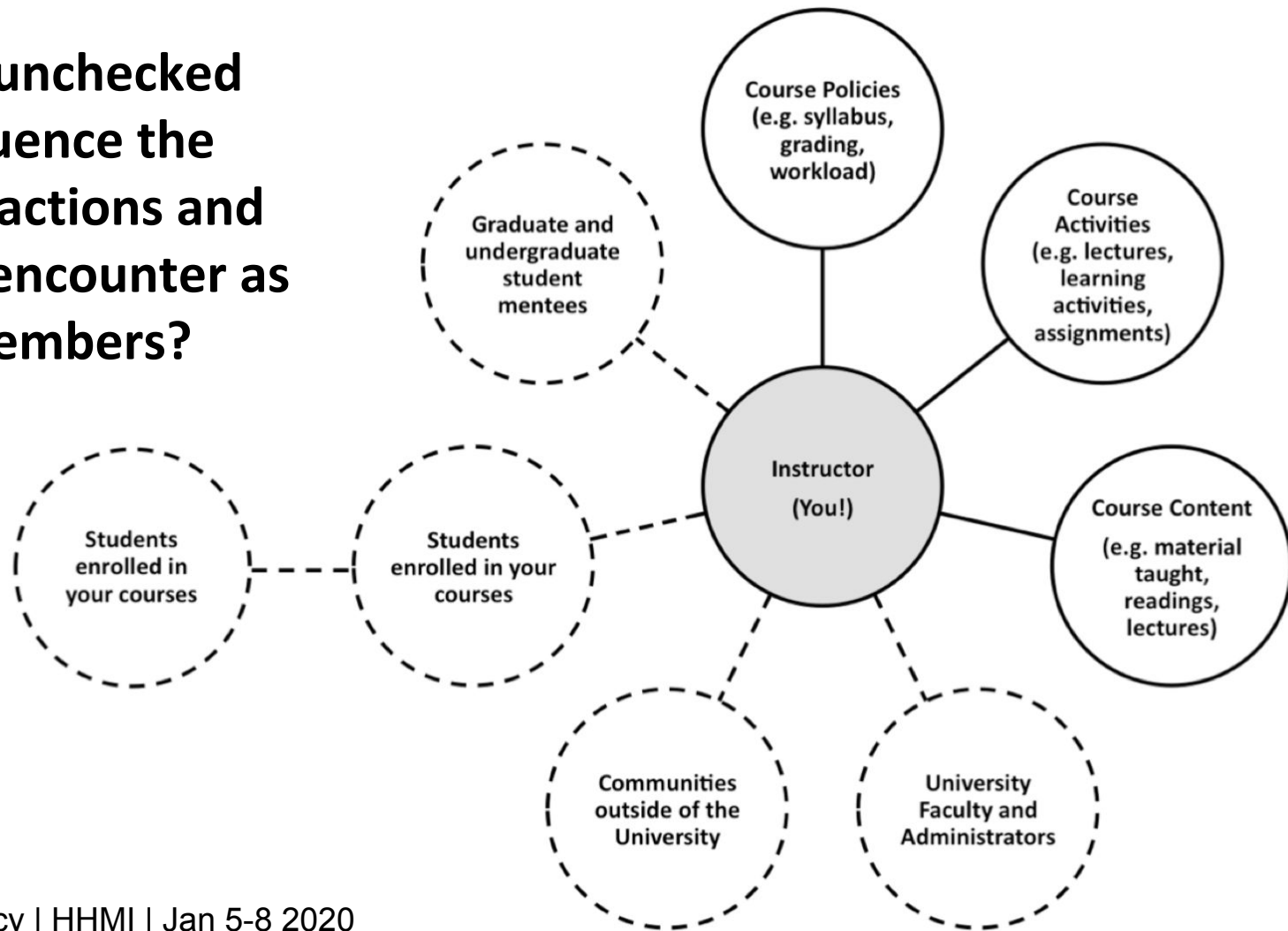
Why did we have you take the IAT?



Examine and reflect on the responses of the group, first on your own and then with your tablemates.

- Why do you think these feelings came up for you and other people?
- Is there one that you personally identify with in particular and why?

How might unchecked biases influence the various interactions and decisions we encounter as faculty members?



Unconscious Biases

Group Brainstorm
of strategies to counter
unconscious biases

1. **Collect data**
to reveal
where biases
may impact
course
interactions
and decisions

*“Ask colleagues to
observe my teaching
to see if I’m
favoring/ignoring
certain students”*

2. **Shape
classroom
environments**
to reduce bias
and stereotype
reinforcement

*“Choose articles and
course materials from
diverse authors and
show author photos”*

3. **Broaden
decision-
making** after
increasing
awareness of
biases

*“Use pre-established
criteria for evaluating
applicants for jobs
in my lab.”*

Motivation



Information



Reflection



Action

I am committed to inclusion and diversity in education.

I understand bias as a natural aspect of human cognition.
My IAT results have revealed some information about this.

**Because my experiences shape my decision-making,
I want to better understand my own biases, their
origins, and their impacts on my behavior.**