

Urban Heat Island Qubes Lesson

Evan Blais

5/12/2021

```
#if this is your first time using Rstudio you may need use the command "install.packages("")" to install packages like tidyverse, readr, stats, tidyr, ggplot2, or dplyr
```

```
#load the data and neccessary libraries #This summary shows us the data we will be working with and basic measures of the data
```

```
treedata <- read.csv("UHI Data.csv")
```

```
summary(treedata)
```

```
##      ID          TempGroup      AvgGrowingSeasonTemps      X
##  Length:40      Length:40      Min.   :23.40      Mode:logical
##  Class  :character  Class  :character  1st Qu.:23.90      NA's:40
##  Mode   :character  Mode   :character  Median  :24.50
##                                         Mean   :24.33
##                                         3rd Qu.:24.70
##                                         Max.   :25.60
##                                         NA's    :4
##      X.1          X.2          Mean_Photosynthesis      X.3
##  Mode:logical  Mode:logical  Min.   : 2.756      Mode:logical
##  NA's:40       NA's:40      1st Qu.: 5.787      NA's:40
##                                         Median  : 7.813
##                                         Mean   : 8.084
##                                         3rd Qu.:10.688
##                                         Max.   :14.992
##                                         NA's    :2
##      Basal_areagrowth
##  Min.   :  9.90
##  1st Qu.: 23.38
##  Median : 40.00
##  Mean   : 42.80
##  3rd Qu.: 53.50
##  Max.   :115.50
##  NA's   :2
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.0.4
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.0 --
```

```

## v ggplot2 3.3.3      v purrr   0.3.4
## v tibble  3.0.5      v dplyr    1.0.3
## v tidyr   1.1.2      v stringr  1.4.0
## v readr   1.4.0      vforcats  0.5.1

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()   masks stats::lag()

#Run the regression model for Photosynthesis
#Then display a summary and plots of the regression
#These plots and summary Describe the regression model for photosynthesis as a function of average growing season temps

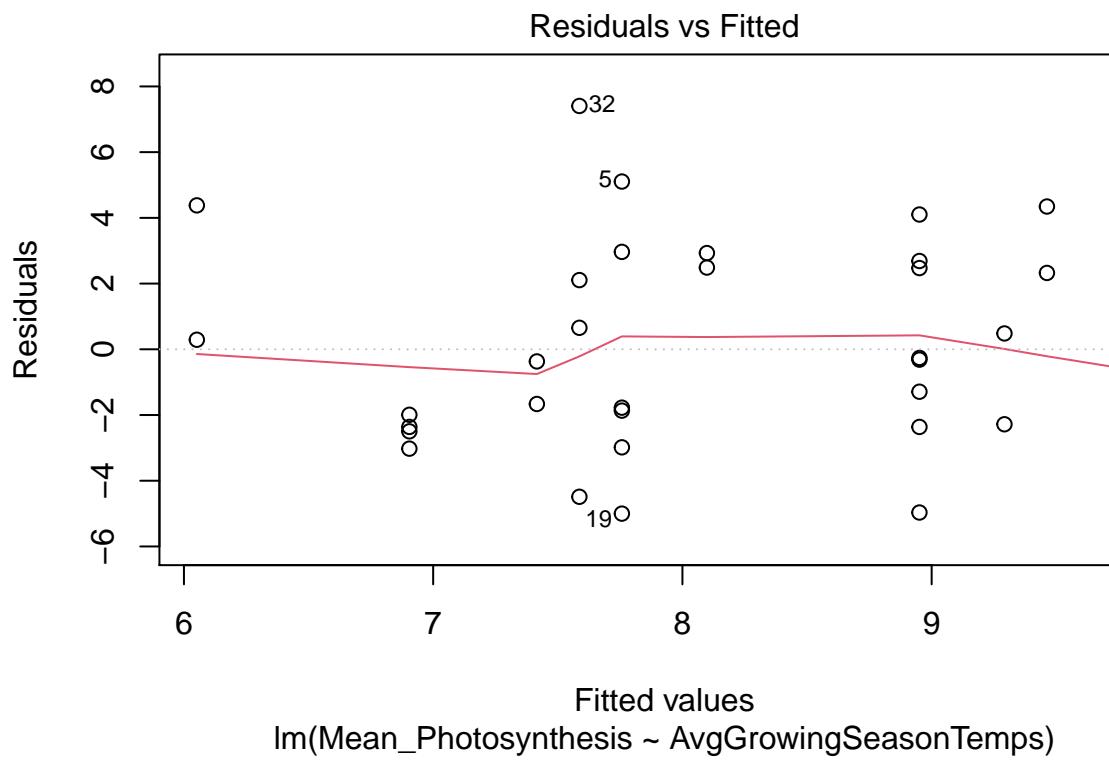
RegPhoto <- lm(Mean_Photosynthesis ~ AvgGrowingSeasonTemps, data=treedata)

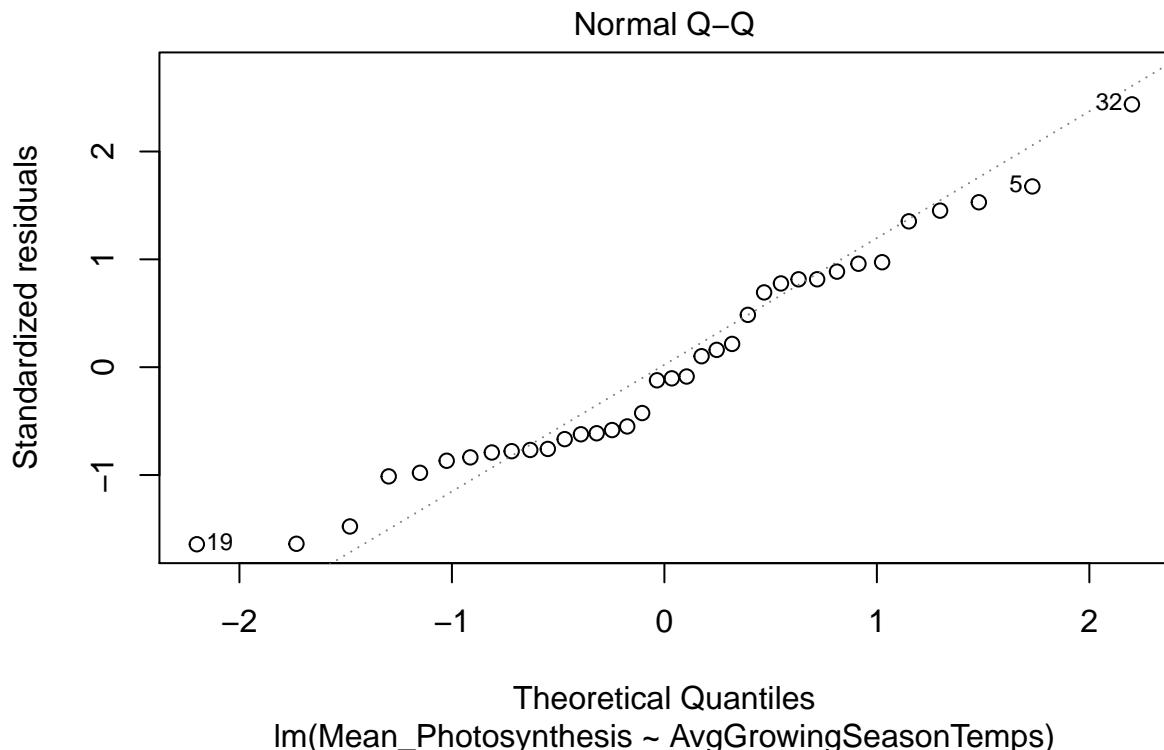
summary(RegPhoto)

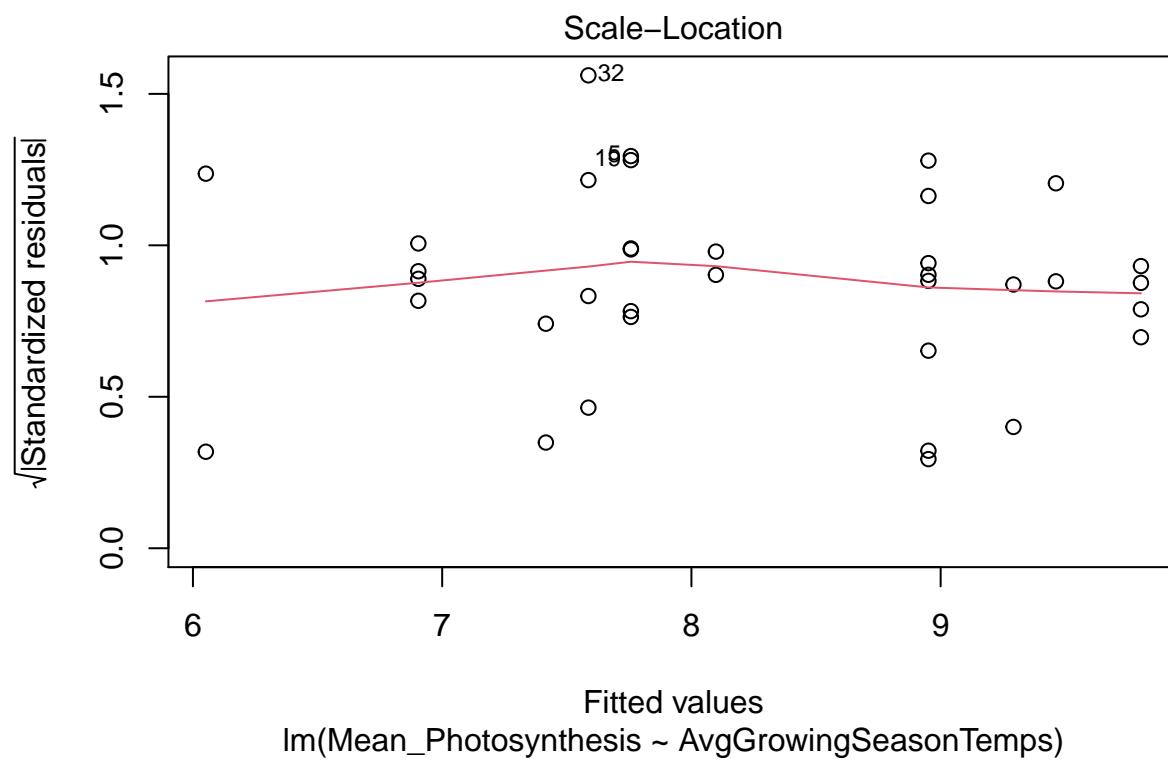
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Mean_Photosynthesis ~ AvgGrowingSeasonTemps, data = treedata)
##
## Residuals:
##     Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
## -5.0011 -2.3015 -0.3416  2.4762  7.4057 
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 49.7102   20.2695   2.452   0.0195 *  
## AvgGrowingSeasonTemps -1.7054    0.8329  -2.048   0.0484 *  
## ---        
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.098 on 34 degrees of freedom
##   (4 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1098, Adjusted R-squared:  0.08359 
## F-statistic: 4.192 on 1 and 34 DF,  p-value: 0.04839

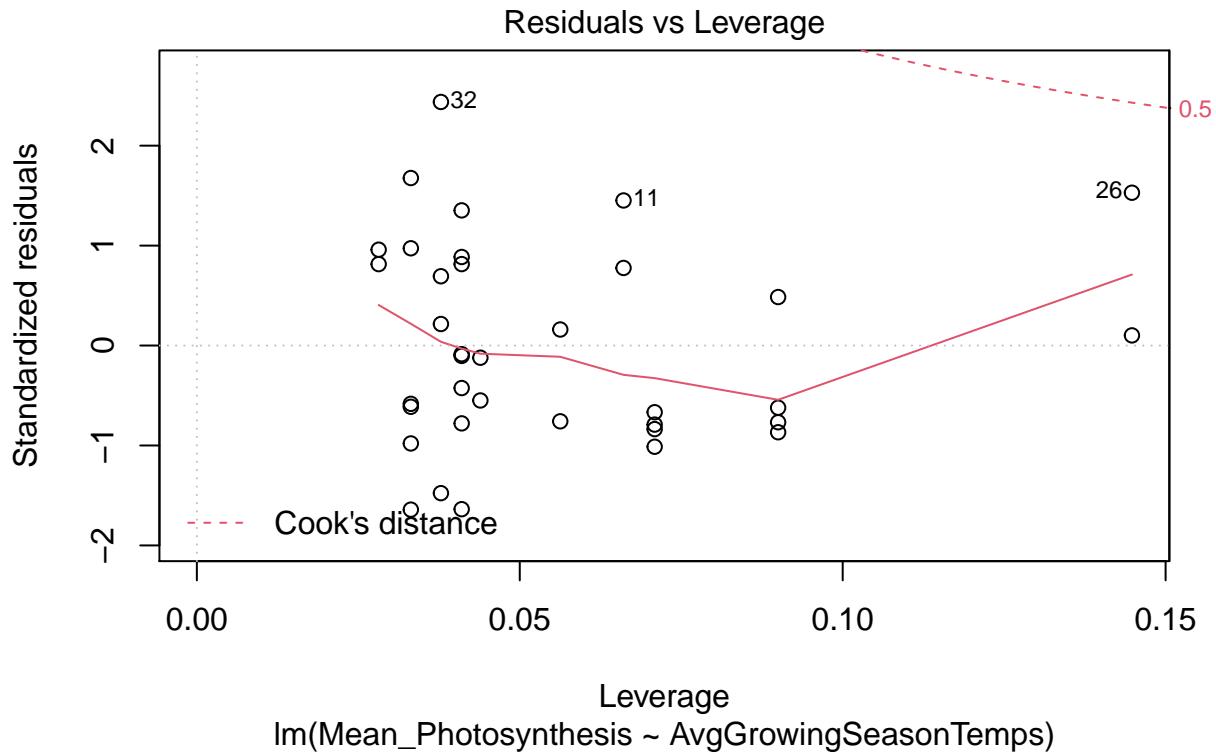
plot(RegPhoto)

```









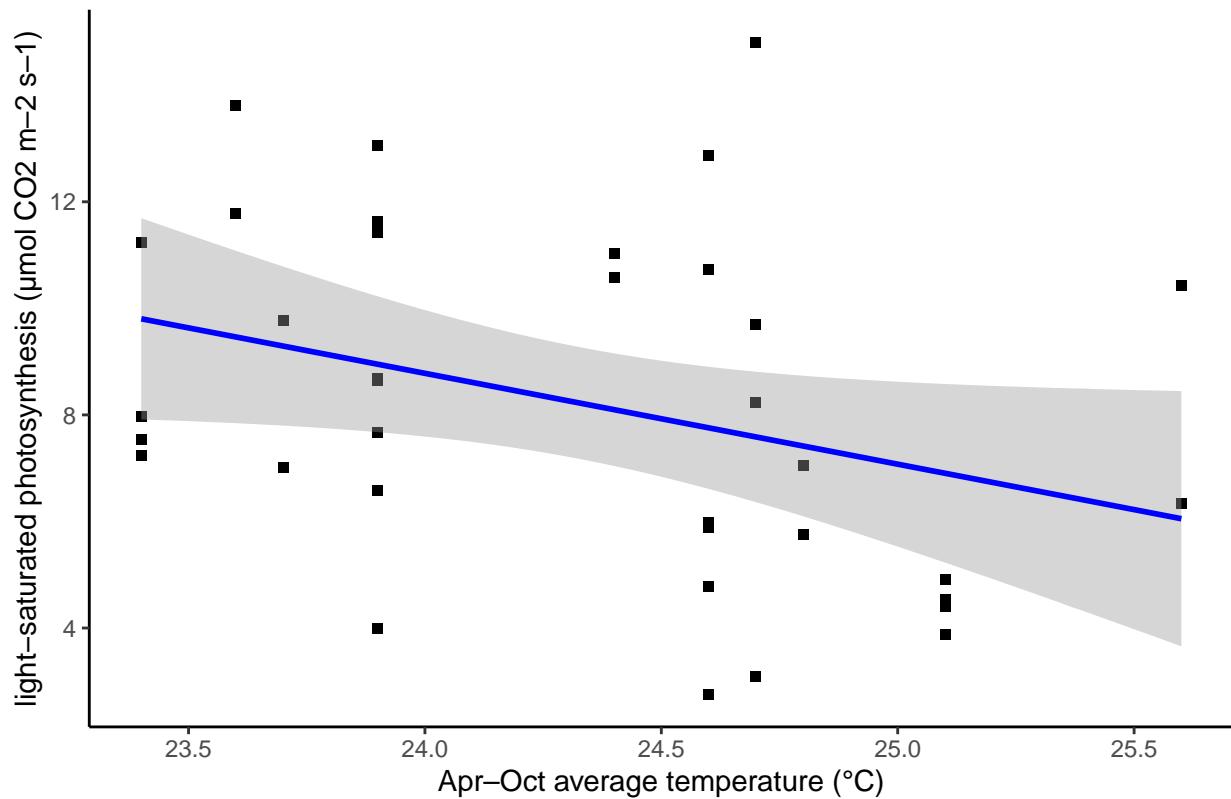
```
#plot the regression model for Photosynthesis
```

```
#The ggplot() command allows us to visualize these regressions in a more aesthetic way
```

```
ggplot(treedata, aes(x=AvgGrowingSeasonTemps, y=Mean_Photosynthesis)) + xlab("Apr-Oct average temperature") +  
  labs(title = "Photosynthesis as a function of Temperature") + geom_point(shape=15) +  
  geom_smooth(method=lm, colour="blue") + scale_fill_grey() +  
  theme_classic()
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'  
  
## Warning: Removed 4 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).  
  
## Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

Photosynthesis as a function of Temperature



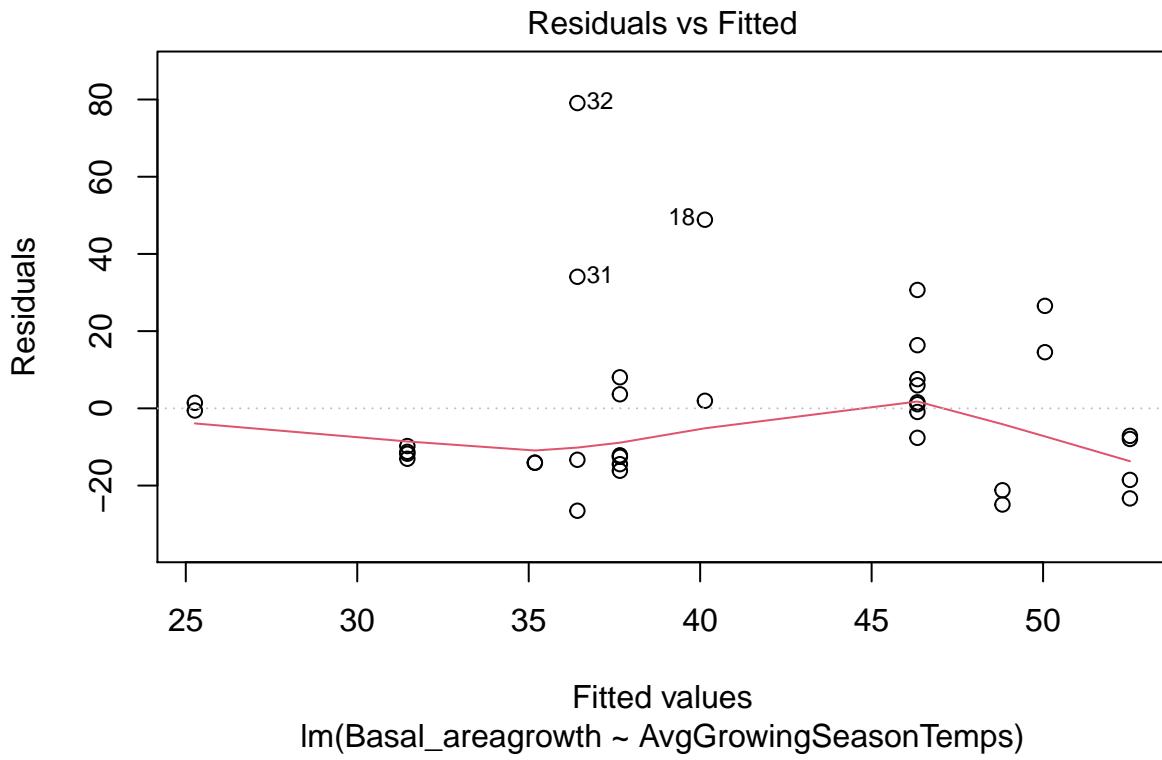
```
#Run the regression model for basal area growth
#Then display a summary and plots of the regression
#These plots and summary Describe the regression model for basal area growth as a function of average
growing season temps
```

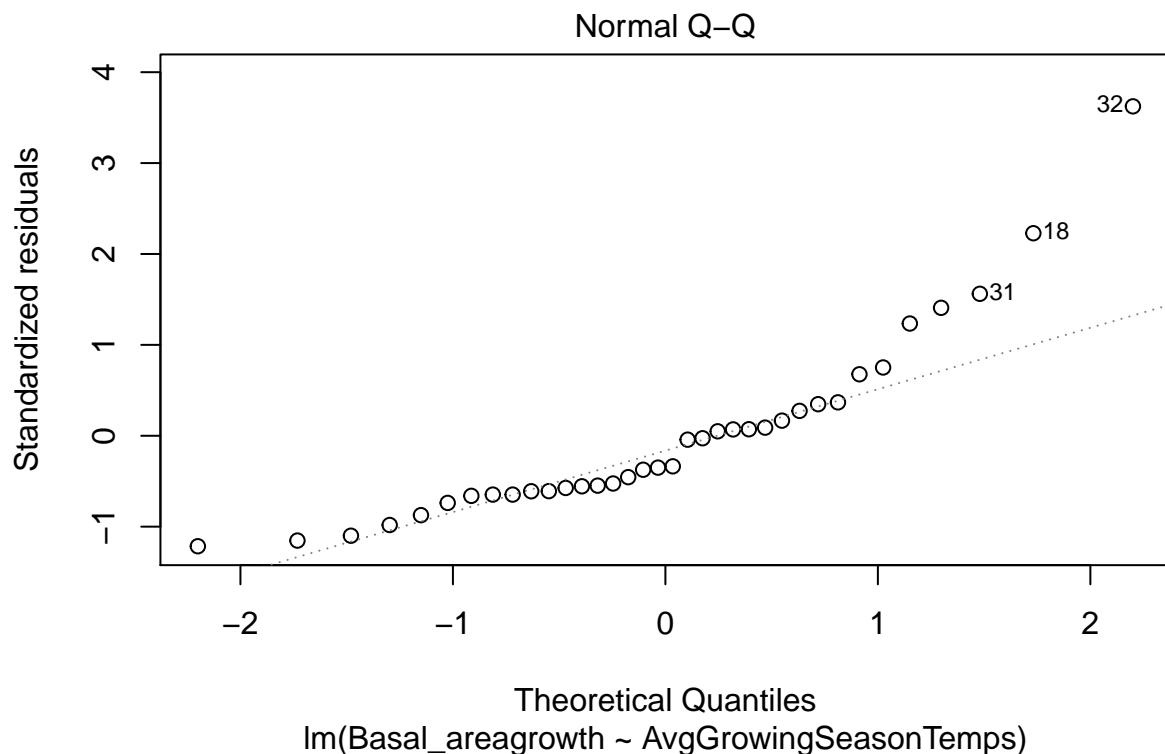
```
Reggrowth <- lm(Basal_areagrowth ~ AvgGrowingSeasonTemps, data=treedata)
summary(Reggrowth)
```

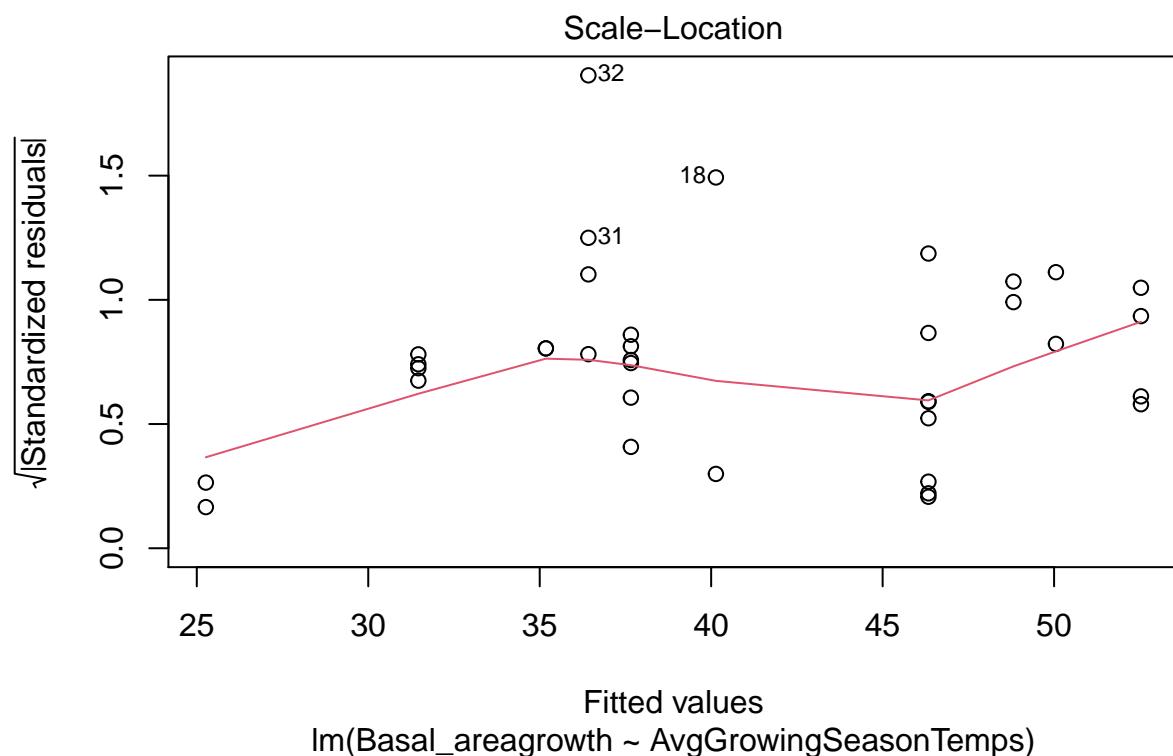
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Basal_areagrowth ~ AvgGrowingSeasonTemps, data = treedata)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -26.520 -13.510  -7.385   6.364  79.080
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 342.581    145.550   2.354  0.0245 *
## AvgGrowingSeasonTemps -12.395      5.981  -2.072  0.0459 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 22.24 on 34 degrees of freedom
## (4 observations deleted due to missingness)
```

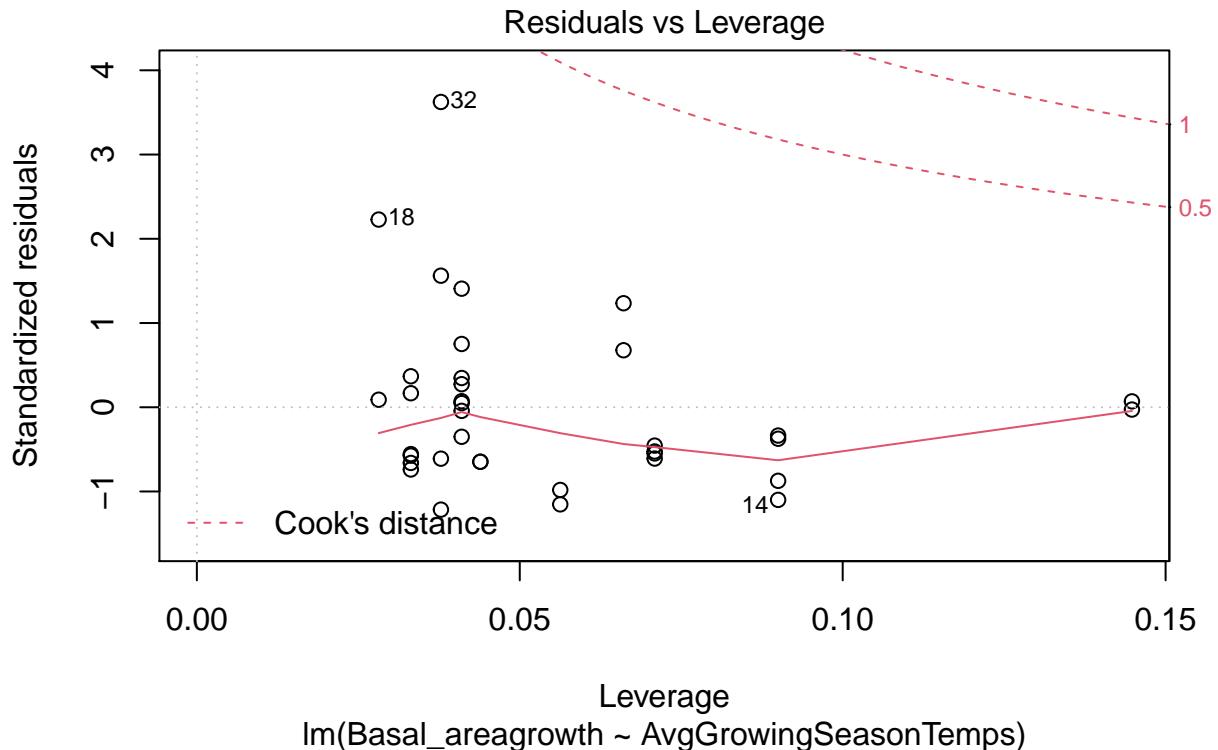
```
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1122, Adjusted R-squared:  0.08604  
## F-statistic: 4.295 on 1 and 34 DF,  p-value: 0.04587
```

```
plot(Reggrowth)
```









```
#plot the regression model for basal area growth
```

#The `ggplot()` command allows us to visualize these regressions in a more aesthetic way

```
ggplot(treedata, aes(x=AvgGrowingSeasonTemps, y=Basal_areagrowth))+ xlab("Apr-Oct average temperature (")  
  labs(title = "Basal Area Growth as a function of Temperature") + geom_point(shape=15) +  
  geom_smooth(method=lm, colour="red") + scale_fill_grey() +  
  theme_classic()
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'
```

Warning: Removed 4 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).

Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom point).

Basal Area Growth as a function of Temperature

