Fostering and Sustaining Interdisciplinary Faculty Communities Around Undergraduate Teaching: Insights from the QUBES Project

Part of the SIAM Ed Communities of Practice for Math Modeling Education symposium.

SIAM Conference on Applied Mathematics Education (ED18) July 9-11, 2018 Oregon Convention Center Portland, Oregon, USA

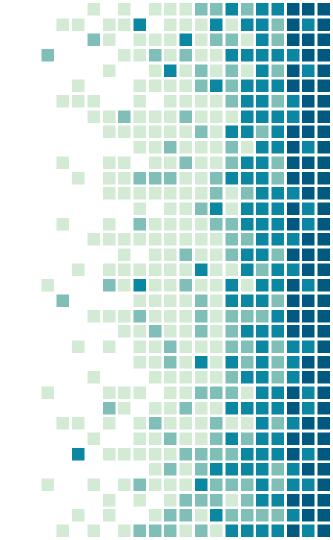
Sam Donovan University of Pittsburgh







Are our current reform efforts just rearranging the deck chairs on the Titanic?





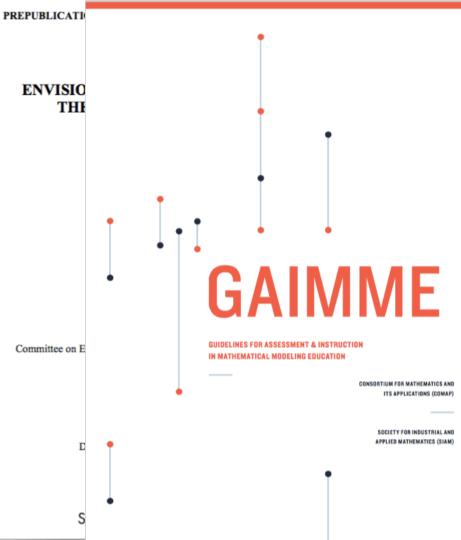
١Ņ	
fic	-
-	1 A
10	a la contra de la
	- 10
	1000
12	
5	- Singe
5	
tof	
	A.



MC

What Me

Edited





Explosive growth of information – Quantitative

Expanding role of technology – Computational

Changes in the nature of the discipline - Interdisciplinary

Bridging school and the real world – Connected to students

Outline for the talk

What is QUBES?

What are the core pedagogical commitments?

How and why an emphasis on community?

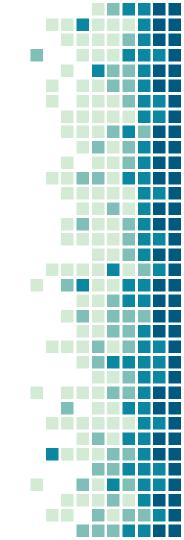


Outline for the talk

What is QUBES?

What are the core pedagogical commitments?

How and why an emphasis on community?





As an scientific gateway for eductaion we: Focus on big challenging problems Mobilze a community Coordinate activities Support collaboration Provide key resources

S. Donovan, C. Diaz Eaton, S. T. Gower, K. P. Jenkins, M. D. LaMar, DB Poli, R. Sheehy, and J. M. Wojdak, QUBES: a community focused on supporting

teaching and learning in quantitative hislogy I ottors in Rigmethometics 2 (1) (2015)

Sam Donovan (PI – DUE-1446269; and Director of Collaborative Projects

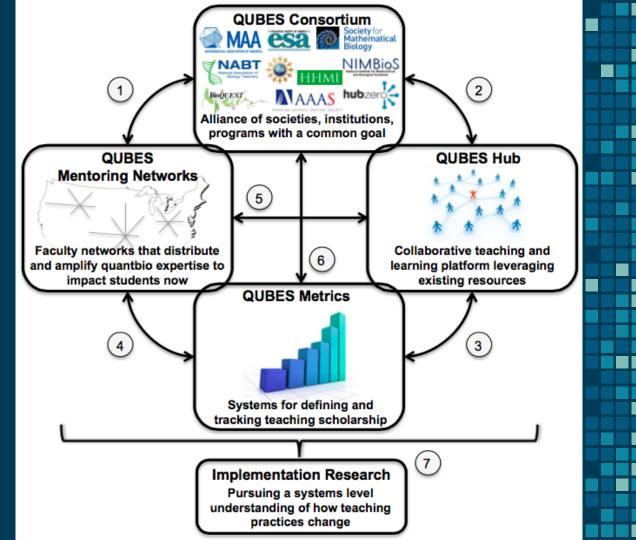
DUE-1446258 (PI – LaMar, College of William and Mary),

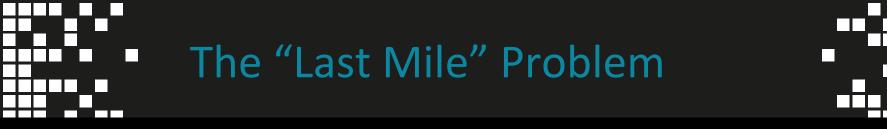
DUE-1446284 (PI – Gower, University of Wisconsin-Madison).

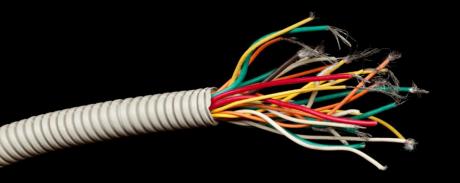
+ many other key collaborators

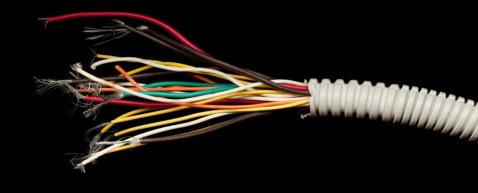
Collaborative Research: BIO IUSE Ideas Lab: Supporting Faculty in Quantitative Undergraduate Biology Education and Synthesis (QUBES).

qubeshub.org/









Access to quality content is generally perceived as the key barrier to getting more quantitative reasoning into biology



THE NATIONAL SCIENCE DIGITAL LIBRARY

NSF Rethinks Its Digital Library

A \$175 million investment has fostered collaboration and created vast amounts of material. But the digital world is changing

T HE WEB IS A DOUBLE-EDGED SWORD FOR TEACHERS. Linds Lai has seen it deliver wonderful answers to the toughest questions posed by her finid- and fourth-grade students at Edith Bowen Laboratory School in Logan, Utah. But separating the wheat from the vast amount of chaff on the Web takes time. Los also wornes that her students may be exposed to inappropriate material as they search for knowledge.

Mimi Recker, a professor of instructional technology at Utah State University in Logan, which tans the kindergarten through grade-5 lab school, knows that the Web poses many challenges for teachers. That's why she asked the U.S. National Science Foundation (NSF) to fand development of a Web-based tool to help teachers find, mange, and manipulate high-quality educational materials for use in the classroom. The software, called Instructional Architect (IA), is one of hundreds of research projects fundatily NSF's National Science, Mathematics, Engiteering, and Technology Education Digital Library (NSDL) program.

NSDE, was launched in 2000 to help scientists and science educators tap into the rapidly expanding online world, Since from, the foundation has sperit about \$175 million "to provide organized access to high quality resources and tools that support introvations in teaching and learning at all levels." In practice, that has meant three things: creating and main-

taining a Web site (rodLorg) wif materials, including lesson pla teacher gaides; providing suppor

Mervis, J. (2009). NSF rethinks its digital library. *Science*, *323*(5910), 54-58.

2 JANUARY 2009 VOL 323 SCIENCE www.sciencemag.org Accesses/sciencemag.org

The real barrier to getting more quantitative reasoning into biology

Faculty need support to:

- Develop their own skills and confidence, particularly around pedagogical content knowledge.
- Customize resources for use in their own specialize teaching setting, with their particular student audience.



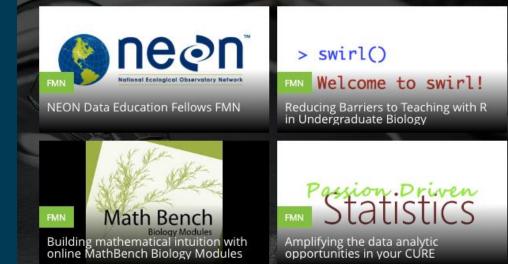
KEEP CALM AND ADOPT, ADAPT & IMPROVE

Faculty mentoring networks are:

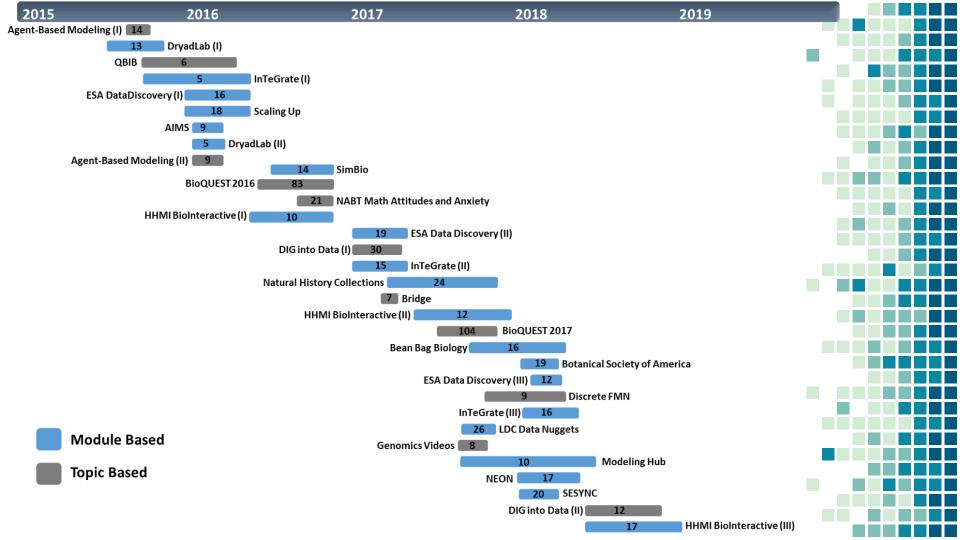
- Online groups, typically 10-15 faculty members
- Focused on a specific topic or material
- Typically meet every two weeks over a period of several months
- Led by teams of expert content and pedagogy mentors

The benefits of participating in a faculty mentoring network include:

Take a peek at upcoming Fall 2018 Faculty Mentoring Networks hosted by our partners on QUBES. Click on the FMN for more details.



- Interacting with colleagues across the country who are teaching similar courses
- Discovering new teaching materials and incorporate them into your courses
- Learning about new pedagogical techniques proven to be effective in the classroom
- Becoming more comfortable incorporating quantitative content into your biology courses
- Providing evidence of your professional activities to your department





Situated learning (Lave & Wenger, 1991) "learning is an integral part of generative social practice in the lived-in world" (p. 35)

Through legitimate peripheral participation

Community of Practice (Wenger, 1998) Social theory of learning – "learning...changes who we are by changing our ability to participate, to belong, to negotiate meaning" (p. 266)

Mutual engagement, joint enterprise, and shared repertoire

Hanselman, J., Scherer, H., Donovan, S., Hale, A. (2016). "Adapting geoscience materials for introductory biology courses using the Faculty Mentoring Network", Presentation at the *Earth Educators Rendezvous*: Madison, Wisconsin, July. serc.carleton.edu/earth_rendezvous/2016/program/talks/mondayB/136530.html



ΕЕ TEACHING ISSUES AND EXPERIMENTS IN ECOLOGY

Investigating the footprint of climate change on phenology and ecological interactions in north-central North America

Author: Kellen Calinger, 2014

learn more

Original published TIEE Module 12 derivative versions shared by FMN participants

Implemented in Lecture



Implemented in Lab & Lecture



Implemented in Lab









University of Virginia's

College at Wise

liological Diversity Lab



Professional recognition and tracking scholarly Impact

Kerry Byrne



Oregon Institute of Technology

Kerry is an assistant professor in the Natural Sciences Department at Oregon Institute of Technology. There, she teaches courses in general biology as well as upper division courses in plant ecology, evolution, and botany. She received her B.S. in Environmental Biology in 2004 from the University of California, Davis, then worked as a plant ecologist for an environmental consulting firm before receiving her PhD in Ecology in 2012 from Colorado State University. Her research interests include global change biology and plant conservation, in addition to student learning, attitudes, and confidence in STEM education.

Module: Investigating the footprint of climate change on phenology and ecological interactions in north-centra America

http://ecoed.esa.org/index.php?P=FullRecord&ID=539

https://qubeshub.org/collections/post/1480



April Conkey

esa.org/fed/2016scholars/

Texas A&M University-Kingsville

I'm an Assistant Professor in the Department of Animal, Rangeland, and Wildlife Sciences at Texas A&M University-Kingsville. I earned B.S. and M.S. degrees in biology from Texas A&M-Kingsville and a Ph.D. degree in Wildlife and Fisheries Sciences from Texas A&M University, College Station. My research focuses on wildlife ecology, human dimensions, and education and outreach. I teach undergraduate level courses on Principles of Wildlife Management, Wildlife Management Techniques, Human-Wildlife Conflict Resolution, and a graduate level Teaching Methods course.

Module: Exploring the population dynamics of wintering bald eagles through long-term data



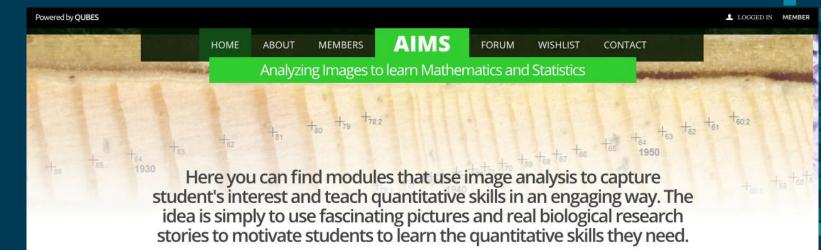


Community Institute



Science gateways are a community-specific set of tools, applications, and data collections that are integrated together via a web portal or a desktop application, providing access to resources and services of distributed computing infrastructures.

We offer partners turn-key web 2.0 infrastructure





Students learn *linear regression* while studying foraging behavior of leaf cutter ants from the rainforests of Panama. (Open inquiry)



Students learn how modeling complements empirical work, and about histograms, cross-correlation, and/or diagnostic error rates by reconstructing breast cancer tissues in three dimensions. (Retrace path of scientific discovery)



Students learn *linear re*gression and exponential functions while studying the relationship between climate and tree growth, using tree ring analysis. (Open inquiry)





Students learn about experimental design and **ANOVA** while examining plasticity in tadpole development under different predator regimes. (Open inquiry)



Running Computational Tools

No software installation required, instructors can direct students directly to the material

R-Studio IDE for R



RStudio is a GUI fo	r R, the statistical	programming langua
Launch RStudio	RStudio page	
Links of interest:		
C Using R in th	e Classroom	

Copasi

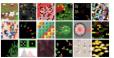




COPASI carries out several analyses of the network and its dynamics and has extensive support for parameter estimation and optimization. COPASI provides means to visualize data in customizable plots, histograms and animations of network diagrams.



NetLogo





Using NetLogo in the Classroom

QtOctave

Mesauite



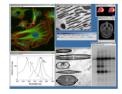
From the GNU Octave Wikipedia page:

66 GNU Octave is a high-level programming language, primarily intended for numerical computations. It provides a command-line interface for solving linear and nonlinear problems numerically, and for performing other numerical experiments using a language that is mostly compatible with MATLAB. It may also be used as a batchoriented language. As part of the GNU Project, it is free software under the terms of the GNU General Public License.

QtOctave is an open source GUI front-end application for GNU Octave.

Launch QtOctave QtOctave pag

ImageJ



From Introduction to ImageJ:

62 Imagel is a public domain Java image processing program inspired by NIH image for the Macintosh. It runs, either as an online applet or as a downloadable application, on any computer with a Java 1.4 or later virtual machine. Downloadable distributions are available for Windows, Mac OS, Mac OS X and Linux. It can display, edit, analyze, process, save and print 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit images. It can read many image formats including TIFF, GIF, JPEG, BMP, DICOM, FITS and "raw", It supports "stacks", a series of images that share a single window. It is multithreaded, so time-consuming operations such as image file reading can be performed in parallel with other operations.



Mesquite is modular, extendible software for evolutionary biology, designed to help biologists organize and analyze comparative data about organisms. Its emphasis is on phylogenetic analysis, but some of its modules concern population genetics, while others do non-phylogenetic multivariate analysis. Because it is modular, the analyses available depend on the modules installed.

Mesquite also has many features for managing and processing data, including processing of chromatograms, sequence alignment, editing of morphometric data, and others.





Ways that QUBES facilitates research

Student Research

Promoting learning environments to reflect practice Lowering barriers to the use of data and modeling tools Collaborations among courses

Implementation Research

Studying the features of QUBES faculty development strategies that influence implementation success

QUBESHUB as a Research Platform

We invite proposal to study communities or activities that take place around the QUBES Project.

Outline for the talk

What is QUBES?

What are the core pedagogical commitments?

How and why an emphasis on community?





32 years young!

ProblemProblemPosingSolvingPersuasion





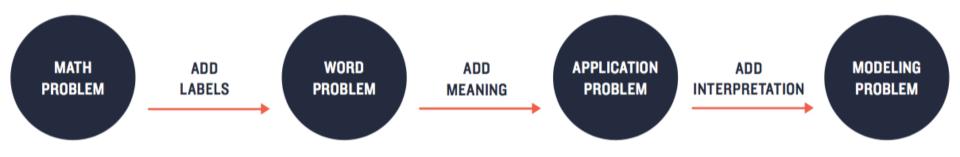
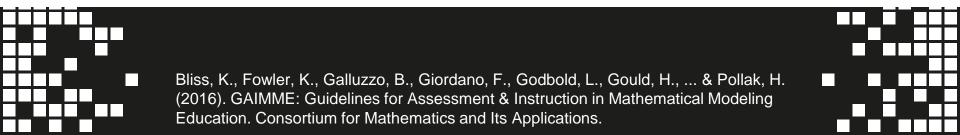


FIGURE 1.1: ONE WAY OF TRANSFORMING A MATHEMATICS PROBLEM INTO A MODELING PROBLEM.



DATA SCIENCE FOR UNDERGRADUATES: OPPORTUNITIES AND OPTIONS

Committee on Envisioning the Data Science Discipline: The Undergraduate Perspective

Computer Science and Telecommunications Board Board on Mathematical Sciences and Analytics Committee on Applied and Theoretical Statistics Division on Engineering and Physical Sciences

Board on Science Education Division of Behavioral and Social Sciences and Education

A Consensus Study Report of

The National Academies of SCIENCES • ENGINEERING • MEDICINE

Using real data will expose students to the messiness of real world problems.

Selecting applications with broad impact makes instruction more compelling, helping to attract and retain students.

Teaching commonly used current methods will prepare them for the workplace.

Working in teams

Data Acumen - the emergent skills and habits of mind that "enable data scientists to make good judgments and decisions with data."

Productive Disciplinary Engagement

The design of learning environments that support:

 Problematizing – students are encouraged to take on intellectual problems in the subject. Accountability – students' intellectual work is made accountable to other using disciplinary norms.

 Authority – students are given authority to participate by contributing knowledge. Resources – students are given sufficient resources do participate this way.

Guiding Principles for Fostering Productive Disciplinary Engagement: Explaining an Emergent Argument in a Community of Learners Classroom Author(s): Randi A. Engle and Faith R. Conant. Cognition and Instruction, Vol. 20, No. 4 (2002), pp. 399-483

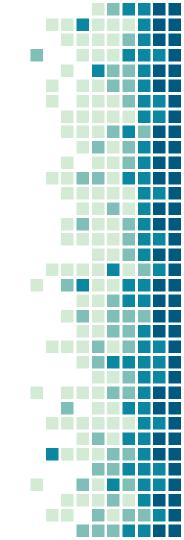


Outline for the talk

What is QUBES?

What are the core pedagogical commitments?

How and why an emphasis on community?



Productive Disciplinary Engagement (teachers)

The design of learning environments that support:

Problematizing – teachers are encouraged to take on intellectual problems in the subject.

Accountability – teachers' intellectual work is made accountable to other using disciplinary norms.

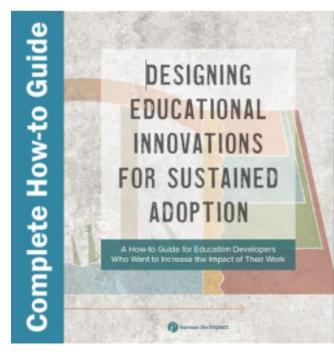
 Authority – teachers are given authority to participate by contributing knowledge.

Resources – teachers are given sufficient resources do participate this way.

Guiding Principles for Fostering Productive Disciplinary Engagement: Explaining an Emergent Argument in a Community of Learners Classroom Author(s): Randi A. Engle and Faith R. Conant. Cognition and Instruction, Vol. 20, No. 4 (2002), pp. 399-483

Increasing the Impact

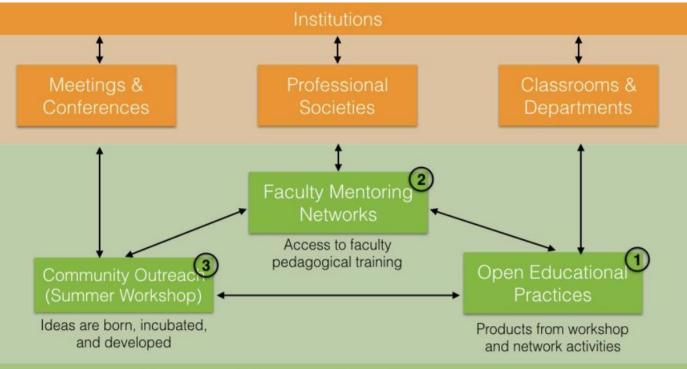
Charles Henderson



Efforts to improve undergraduate STEM teaching methods have generated many great ideas and materials, but few have caught on.

The 2014 NSF IUSE Program Solicitation states that "transferability and propagation are critical aspects for IUSE-supported efforts and should be addressed throughout a project's lifetime by ensuring attention to designing for use in a large variety of institutions."

Very few developers currently do this in their proposals, because, in large part, they aren't sure how.



Evaluation & Research (CyberAnalytics; DBER)

Online Presence & Community (CyberInfrastructure)

Supporting faculty in the adoption of open education scholarship requires the integration of tools, worksopsaces, and existing communities in a way that fit faculty needs.

HT Case Studies Workshops Get Involved Resources Contact us





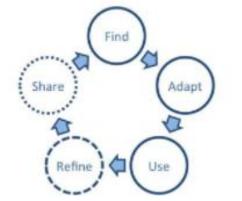
High-throughput Discovery Science & Inquiry-based Case Studies for Today's Students

Overview

For modern life science researchers, high-throughput approaches can open the doors to discovery of novel genes, drugs, and regulatory networks. The effective design, implementation, and analysis of high-throughput research require fundamental quantitative skills. Taken together, the opportunity for new modes of discovery and development of associated quantitative skills make integration of high-throughput research into college biology curricula highly attractive. Yet, the high cost and technological demands of high-throughput discovery prohibit its use in most college laboratories. To address this need, *this Research Coordination Network in Undergraduate Biology Education (RCN-UBE)* seeks to improve student quantitative skills and participation in high-throughput discovery. Researchers and teaching fellows in the network will learn about high-throughput technologies and work together to create novel case studies that will demystify high-throughput approaches and promote discovery science to reinforce cornerstone STEM concepts and quantitative skills in the college classroom.

Five year Research Coordination Network - UBE hits.qubeshub.org www.nsf.gov/awardsearch/showAward?AWD_ID=1730317 DIG: Designing an infrastructure and sustainable learning community for integrating data-centric resources in undergraduate biology.

Bringing Research Data to the Ecology Classroom: Opportunities, Barriers, and Next Steps





Environment-Richness Relationships in Ephemeral and Permanent



Investigating Leaf Litter Decomposition and Invertebrate



Painting turtles: an introduction to species distribution modeling in R



Data Management using NEON Small Mammal Data with Accompanying



niblse.qubeshub.org



§NIBLSE

The NIBLSE community is coordinating an effort to collect, customize, and disseminate high quality bioinformatics learning resources. Below is collection of Bioinformatics Learning Resources including NIBLSE Incubators and CourseSource Bioinformatics resources.



NIBLSE is working with the Quantitative Undergraduate Biology Education & Synthesis Project (QUBES) to establish learning resource "incubators" to nurture the development and dissemination of promising lesson materials.



NIBLSE is working with the CourseSource Project to articulate a Learning Framework for Bioinformatics which describes the learning goals and objectives relevant to undergraduate biological sciences majors.

All learning resources have been reviewed and assigned NIBLSE Core Competencies. To see a full description, click the competency or visit the NIBLSE Core Competency page.

Click the icon to the right to download	a guide on how	v to navigate a QUBES Database:
---	----------------	---------------------------------



Image ^	Title \diamond	First Author 🔅	Description \diamond	Competencies \diamond	Status
Image	Title	First Author	Description	Competencies	Status
	Agent - Based	Liz Ryder - Worcester	This resource is an exercise to introduce students to agent-based modeling of biological systems through working with a simple existing model. It is intended both to show them	Role of	Reviewed at









Biodiversity Literacy in Undergraduate Education

ABOUT



PRODUCTS



RECENT ACTIVITY

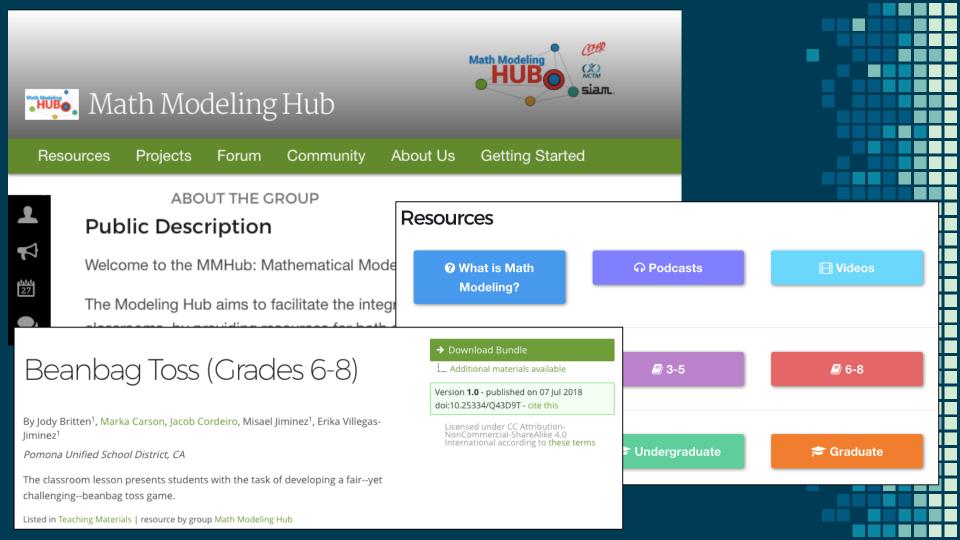
Anna Monfils - PI













Explosive growth of information – Quantitative

Expanding role of technology – Computational

Changes in the nature of the discipline - Interdisciplinary

Bridging school and the real world – Connected to students

The QUBES team

Carrie Eaton Kristin Jenkins Jeremy Wojdak Gaby Hamerlinck (p) Drew LaMar Arietta Fleming-Davies (p) Haley Orndorf Deb Barton Elia Crisucci Tom Gower Jenny Kwan

NISER Team Pam Bishop Kevin Kidder (p) Sondra LoRe QUBES partners, participants, & advisory board



Funding: National Science Foundation DUE 1446269, DUE 1446258, DUE 1446284

qubeshub.org

